

Today's Plan:

Learning Target (standard): I will evaluate inverse trigonometric expressions.

Students will: Complete practice problems over previous concepts at the boards, put up homework problems on the board and make necessary corrections to their own work, take notes over new material and complete practice problems over new concepts.

Teacher will: Provide practice problems over previous concepts, check homework problems for accuracy and provide students feedback, describe and provide examples of new concepts and assign students assessment problems over new concepts.

Assessment: Board work, homework check and homework assignment

Differentiation: Students will work at the board, go over and correct homework at their seats, actively engage in lecture over new concepts, practice new concepts with the aid of other students and the teacher and complete homework assignment.

p.500 #2-30 even

2) 0

4) π

6) $-\frac{\pi}{4}$

8) $\frac{\pi}{6}$

10) $-\frac{\pi}{3}$

12) $-\frac{\pi}{4}$

14) 0.928

16) 0.197

18) 0.125

20) -1.249

22) 2.026

24) 0.354

26) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

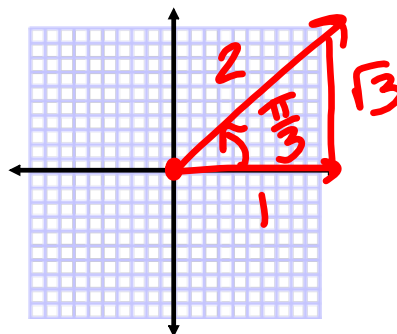
28) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

30) $-\sqrt{3}$

$$26) \sin\left(\cos^{-1}\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \sin\frac{\pi}{3}$$

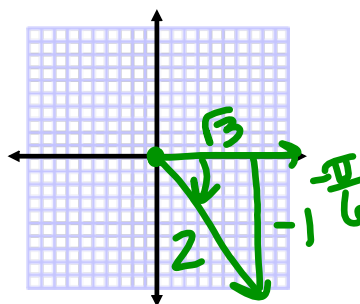
$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$28) \tan\left(\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$\tan\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

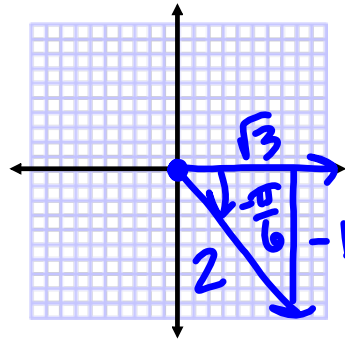
$$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$



$$30) \cot\left(\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$\cot\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

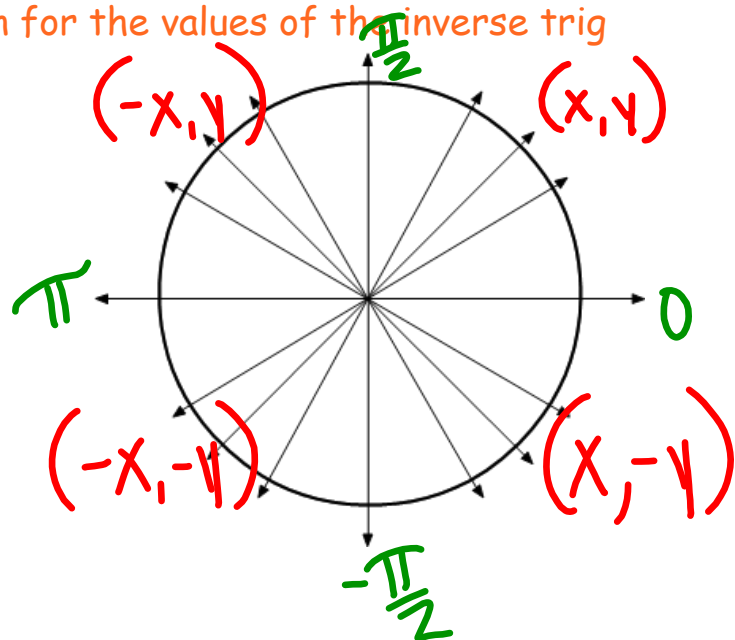
$$-\sqrt{3}$$



Using the unit circle, label the quadrants that each of the inverse trig functions are defined in.

What does this mean for the values of the inverse trig functions?

$$r=1$$

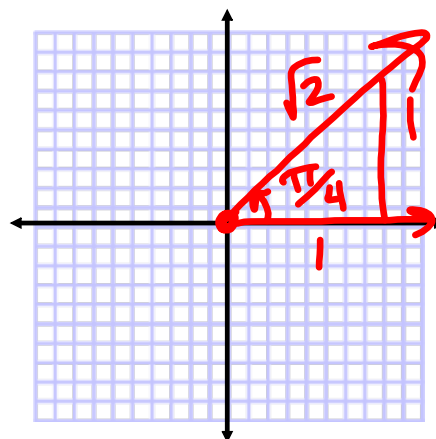


Find the exact value of each expression:

$$\cos\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \quad \sin\theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

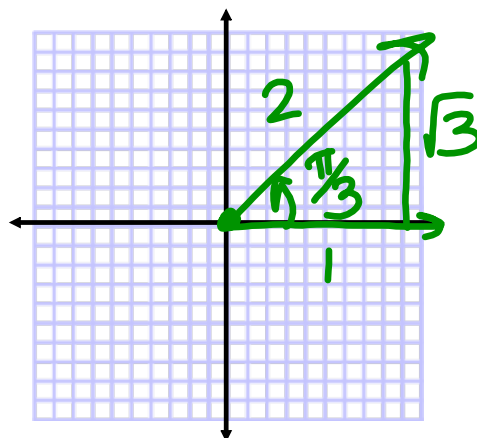


Find the exact value of each expression:

$$\sec\left(\cos^{-1}\frac{1}{2}\right) \quad \cos\theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sec\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$2$$

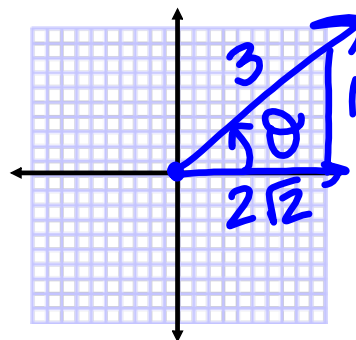


Find the exact value of each expression:

$$\tan\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$\tan\theta = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\tan\theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

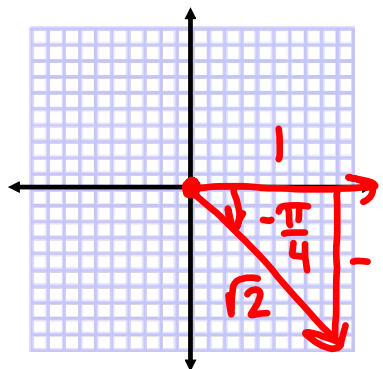


Practice:

$$\sin\left(\tan^{-1}(-1)\right)$$

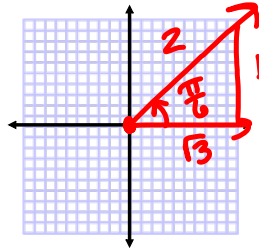
$$\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$



Find the exact value of each expression:

$$\sin\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{2} + \cos^{-1}0\right)$$

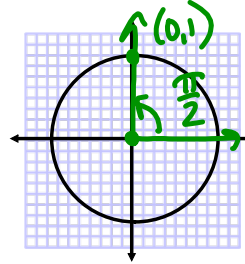


$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$= \sin\frac{\pi}{6} \cos\frac{\pi}{2} + \cos\frac{\pi}{6} \sin\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(0) + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)(1)$$

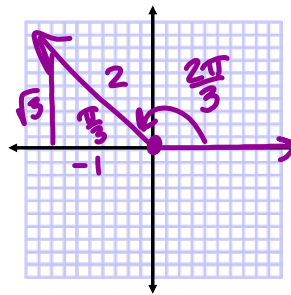
$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

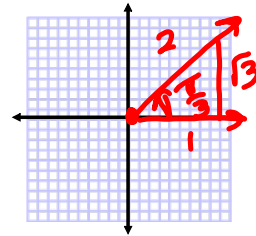
$$= \sin\frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



Find the exact value of each expression:

$$\cos\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \tan^{-1}1\right)$$



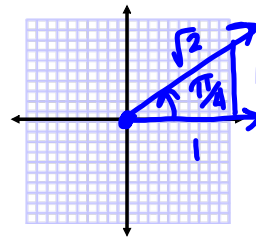
$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$= \cos\frac{\pi}{3} \cos\frac{\pi}{4} - \sin\frac{\pi}{3} \sin\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$$



Assignment:

p.500 #32-52 even

* Be sure to draw all diagrams. *