Today's Plan:

Learning Target (standard): I will find the inverse of a function and verify that it is indeed the inverse function.

Students will: Complete practice problems over previous concepts at the boards, put up homework problems on the board and make necessary corrections to their own work, take notes over new material and complete practice problems over new concepts.

Teacher will: Provide practice problems over previous concepts, check homework problems for accuracy and provide students feedback, describe and provide examples of new concepts and assign students assessment problems over new concepts.

Assessment: Board work, homework check and homework assignment

Differentiation: Students will work at the board, go over and correct homework at their seats, actively engage in lecture over new concepts, practice new concepts with the aid of other students and the teacher and complete homework assignment.

Inverse Functions Worksheet

$$1) f(-1) = 3 7) f(2) = \frac{1}{125} 11) g^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{x-1} + 3$$

$$2) h(0) = 3 12) f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2}{5}x 16) g^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{3}x - 1$$

$$3) g(0) = \frac{5}{2} 8) g(-2) = -\frac{9}{4} 13) g^{-1}(x) = \frac{3}{x+2} 17) h^{-1}(x) = -\frac{5}{4}x - \frac{5}{4}$$

$$4) w(0) = 1 9) h(-2) = \frac{1}{64} 14) g^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{-x-1} - 1 19) f^{-1}(x) = 2x - 8$$

$$6) k(0) = 8 10) f(-1) = \frac{5}{4} 15) g^{-1}(x) = \frac{3}{x+2} - 2 20) g^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{3}x - 1$$

11)
$$g(x) = -\frac{3}{x-3} + | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1 - | 1$$

13)
$$g(x) = \frac{3}{x} - 2 \quad |-|/|$$

$$y = \frac{3}{x} - 2$$

$$X = \frac{3}{y} - 2$$

$$X + 2 = \frac{3}{y}$$

$$y(x + 2) = 3$$

$$y = \frac{3}{x + 2}$$

$$9^{-1}(x) = \frac{3}{x + 2}$$

18)
$$g(x) = -\frac{1}{x} - 1 - 1 - 1 = -\frac{1}{x} - 1$$

 $x = -\frac{1}{y} - 1$
 $x = -\frac{1}{y} - 1$
 $y(x+1) = -1$
 $y = -\frac{1}{x+1}$
 $y = -\frac{1}{x+1}$

Inverse Functions:

• a function and its inverse are "opposites" of one another

$$\begin{array}{ccc} D_{f(x)} & = & R_{f^{-1}(x)} \\ & \text{AND} & & & \\ & D_{f^{-1}(x)} & = & R_{f(x)} \end{array}$$

Inverse Functions:

a function and its inverse "undo" one another

$$f(f^{-1}(x)) = x$$
 AND $f^{-1}(f(x)) = x$

* use this to verify or check answers

Find the inverse function, if it exists.

$$f(x) = 5x - 3$$

$$Y = 5x - 3$$

$$X = 5y - 3$$

$$X + 3 = 5y$$

$$Y = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$Y = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2x-3}{x+1}$$

$$V = \frac{2x-3}{x+1}$$

$$V = 2x-3$$

$$\frac{\chi}{1} = \frac{2\gamma - 3}{\gamma + 1}$$

$$x_1 + x = 2y - 3$$

$$XY - 2Y = -x - 3$$

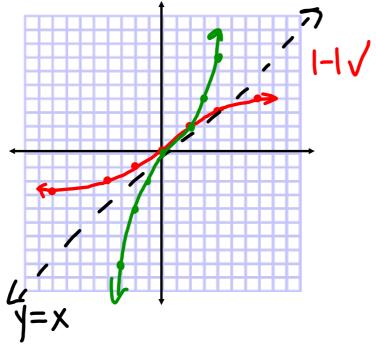
$$x_1 + x = 2_1 - 3$$

 $x_1 - 2_1 = -x - 3$
 $y(x-2) = -x - 3$

$$\sqrt{=\frac{-x-3}{x-2}}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-x-3}{x-2}$$

Graph the inverse function:



Verify that the given functions are inverses of one another:

(look @ notes for a hint - do NOT find an inverse!)

$$f(x) = 3x + 4 \qquad 0 + (g(x)) = 3(\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}) + 4$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{4}{3} \qquad = x - 4 + 4$$

$$f(g(x)) = x \checkmark$$

$$g(f(x)) = \frac{1}{3}(3x + 4) - \frac{4}{3}$$

$$= x + \frac{4}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \qquad \therefore \text{ They are inverses}$$

$$g(f(x)) = x \checkmark$$

Verify that the given functions are inverses of one another:

$$f(x) = x^{3} - 8$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+8}$$

$$= x + 8 - 8$$

$$f(g(x)) = x \checkmark$$

$$g(f(x)) = \sqrt[3]{x^{3}-8+8}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{x^{3}}$$

$$g(f(x)) = x \checkmark$$

Find the inverse function range of each:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-2} \text{ I-IV} \qquad \text{ 2 } f(f'(x)) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x}+2-2}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{x-2} \text{ 3.2} \text{ 1/V} \neq \text{ 2.2}$$

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$$V = \frac{1}{x-2} \text{ 4.2}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{x-2} \text{ 4.3}$$

Find the inverse function
$$(2)$$
 verify your answer (3) etermine the domain and range of each:

$$f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{x+2} \text{ To } \cdot \frac{2}{x} | x \neq -2 \frac{2}{x} |$$

$$y = \frac{2x+3}{x+2} \text{ To } \cdot \frac{2}{x} | x \neq -2 \frac{2}{x} |$$

$$x = \frac{2y+3}{x+2} \text{ To } \cdot \frac{2}{x} | x \neq 2 \frac{2}{x} |$$

$$x = \frac{2y+3}{y+2} \text{ To } \cdot \frac{2}{x} | x \neq 2 \frac{2}{x+2} |$$

$$x = \frac{-2x+3}{x-2} + 2$$

$$x = \frac{-x}{x-2} + 2$$

$$x = \frac{-x}{x+2} + 2$$

$$x =$$

Assignment:

p.295 #4-52 (by 4)

* Be sure to write the original problem or sketch the given graph. Show ALL work!! *