

Today's Plan:

Learning Target (standard): I will use properties of logarithms to solve logarithmic and exponential equations.

Students will: Complete practice problems over previous concepts at the boards, put up homework problems on the board and make necessary corrections to their own work, take notes over new material and complete practice problems over new concepts.

Teacher will: Provide practice problems over previous concepts, check homework problems for accuracy and provide students feedback, describe and provide examples of new concepts and assign students assessment problems over new concepts.

Assessment: Board work, homework check and homework assignment

Differentiation: Students will work at the board, go over and correct homework at their seats, actively engage in lecture over new concepts, practice new concepts with the aid of other students and the teacher and complete homework assignment.

Expand each logarithm.

$$\begin{aligned} & \log\left(\frac{7 \cdot 6^4}{5^5}\right)^2 \\ &= \log\left(\frac{7^2 \cdot 6^8}{5^{10}}\right) \\ &= \log(7^2 \cdot 6^8) - \log 5^{10} \\ &= \log 7^2 + \log 6^8 - \log 5^{10} \\ &= 2 \log 7 + 8 \log 6 - 10 \log 5 \end{aligned}$$

Condense each expression to a single logarithm.

$$\begin{aligned} & 3\log_8 u + 2\log_8 v + \log_8 w \\ &= \log_8 u^3 + \log_8 v^2 + \log_8 w \\ &= \log_8 (u^3 v^2) + \log_8 w \\ &= \log_8 (u^3 v^2 w) \end{aligned}$$

Condense each expression to a single logarithm.

$$\begin{aligned} & 4\log_6 5 + 20\log_6 12 + 4\log_6 7 \\ &= \log_6 5^4 + \log_6 12^{20} + \log_6 7^4 \\ &= \log_6 (5^4 \cdot 12^{20}) + \log_6 7^4 \\ &= \log_6 (5^4 \cdot 12^{20} \cdot 7^4) \\ &= \log_6 (5 \cdot 12^5 \cdot 7)^4 \end{aligned}$$

Condense each expression to a single logarithm.

$$\begin{aligned} & 4 \ln u - 4 \ln w - 20 \ln v \\ &= \ln u^4 - \ln w^4 - \ln v^{20} \\ &= \ln \left(\frac{u^4}{w^4} \right) - \ln v^{20} \\ &= \ln \left(\frac{u^4}{v^{20} w^4} \right) \\ &= \ln \left(\frac{u}{v^5 w} \right)^4 \end{aligned}$$
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{u^4}{w^4} \div v^{20} \\ & \frac{u^4}{w^4} \cdot \frac{1}{v^{20}} \end{aligned}$$

Solve.

$$\begin{aligned} 2^{-x} &= 2^{-x} \\ -x &= -x \\ 0 &= 0 \\ & \text{infinite} \\ & \text{solutions} \end{aligned}$$

Solve.

$$64^{-2m+3} = 16$$

$$(4^3)^{-2m+3} = 4^2$$

$$4^{-6m+9} = 4^2$$

$$-6m+9=2$$

$$-6m=-7$$

$$m = \frac{7}{6}$$

Solve.

$$4^{1-2x} \cdot 64 = 4^x$$

$$4^{1-2x} \cdot 4^3 = 4^x$$

$$4^{4-2x} = 4^x$$

$$4-2x=x$$

$$4=3x$$

$$x = \frac{4}{3}$$

Solve.

$$-7 \cdot 12^x = -58$$

$$12^x = \frac{58}{7}$$

$$\ln 12^x = \ln\left(\frac{58}{7}\right)$$

$$\frac{x \ln 12}{\ln 12} = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{58}{7}\right)}{\ln 12}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 58 - \ln 7}{\ln 12}$$

Solve.

$$3 + \log_{11}(k-2) = 5$$

$$\log_{11}(k-2) = 2$$

$$11^2 = k-2$$

$$121 = k-2$$

$$k = 123$$

Solve.

$$\log_4 2 + \log_4 (x-5) = \log_4 12$$

$$\log_4 2(x-5) = \log_4 12$$

$$\log_4 (2x-10) = \log_4 12$$

$$2x-10 = 12$$

$$2x = 22$$

$$x = 11$$

Assignment:

Exponentials & Logarithms

Review 2 #1-18

Exponentials & Logarithms Review 2 #1-18

1) $\log_2 x + \log_2 y + 5\log_2 z$

2) $\frac{1}{3}\log_7 x + \frac{1}{3}\log_7 y + \frac{1}{3}\log_7 z$

3) $25\log_2 x - 5\log_2 y$

4) $6\log_9 c + \frac{1}{2}\log_9 a$

5) $\log_9 \left(\frac{x^4}{y^2} \right)$

6) $\log(u^3 v^2)$

7) $\log_6(x^{30} y^6)$

8) $\log_8(w\sqrt{uv})$

9) $n = \frac{1}{4}$

10) $p = -1$

11) no solution

12) $p = -\frac{1}{3}$

13) $n = \frac{\ln 35}{\ln 5} + 2$

14) $x = \frac{\ln 11 - \ln 9}{\ln 11} + 8$

15) $v = -13$

16) $n = -4, 2$

17) $x = -\frac{4}{5}$

18) $x = \frac{63}{5}$