

Today's Plan:

Learning Target (standard): I will review solving equations & inequalities and writing solutions in set and interval notation.

Students will: Complete practice problems over previous concepts at the boards, put up homework problems on the board and make necessary corrections to their own work, and complete practice problems.

Teacher will: Provide practice problems over previous concepts, check homework problems for accuracy and provide students feedback, describe and provide examples of practice problems.

Assessment: Board work, homework check and homework assignment

Differentiation: Students will work at the board, go over and correct homework at their seats, and actively engage in review problems.

Absolute Value Inequalities Practice

1) $m = -1, 3$

2) $r = -3, 4$

3) $r = -12, 6$

4) $x = -\frac{11}{9}, -1$

5) \emptyset

6) $\{a \mid a \leq -19, a \geq -1\}; (-\infty, -19] \cup [-1, \infty)$

7) \mathbb{R}

8) $\{m \mid -1 < m < 3\}; (-1, 3)$

9) $\{r \mid r < -9, r > 7\}; (-\infty, -9) \cup (7, \infty)$

10) $\{b \mid -4 \leq b \leq 10\}; [-4, 10]$

Solve.

$$-4 + 3(k - 7) = -2(5 - 2k)$$

$$-4 + 3k - 21 = -10 + 4k$$

$$3k - 25 = -10 + 4k$$

$$-15 = k$$

$$k = -15$$

Solve.

$$-4(4 - n) + 8n = 2(4n - 4)$$

$$-16 + 4n + 8n = 8n - 8$$

$$-16 + 12n = 8n - 8$$

$$4n = 8$$

$$n = 2$$

Solve.

$$-\frac{15}{4}\left(-\frac{1}{4}x+1\right)+\frac{3}{2}x=\frac{15}{8}+\frac{7}{8}x$$

$$16 \left[\frac{15}{16}x - \frac{15}{4} + \frac{3}{2}x = \frac{15}{8} + \frac{7}{8}x \right]$$

$$15x - 60 + 24x = 30 + 14x$$

$$39x - 60 = 30 + 14x$$

$$25x = 90$$

$$x = \frac{18}{5}$$

Solve.

$$\frac{475}{48} + \frac{31}{8}n = \frac{1}{3}n - \frac{9}{8}\left(n - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$48 \left[\frac{475}{48} + \frac{31}{8}n = \frac{1}{3}n - \frac{9}{8}n + \frac{9}{16} \right]$$

$$475 + 186n = 16n - 54n + 27$$

$$475 + 186n = -38n + 27$$

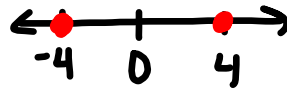
$$224n = -448$$

$$n = -2$$

Solve.

$$\frac{|7v-2|}{4} = 1$$

$$|7v-2|=4$$



$$7v-2=-4$$

$$7v-2=4$$

$$7v=-2$$

$$7v=6$$

$$v=-\frac{2}{7}$$

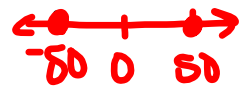
$$v=\frac{6}{7}$$

$$v = -\frac{2}{7}, \frac{6}{7}$$

Solve.

$$\frac{-2|-8m-6|}{-2} = \frac{-100}{-2}$$

$$|-8m-6|=50$$



$$-8m-6=-50$$

$$-8m-6=50$$

$$-8m=-44$$

$$-8m=56$$

$$m=\frac{11}{2}$$

$$m=-7$$

$$m = -7, \frac{11}{2}$$

Solve for the indicated variable.

$$\underset{-2}{2} - \underset{-}{3x} = d + \underset{-2}{3r}; x$$

$$\underset{-3}{-3x} = \underset{-3}{d} + \underset{-3}{3r} - \underset{-3}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{d}{3} - r + \frac{2}{3}$$

Solve for the indicated variable.

$$\underset{+1}{-1} - \underset{-}{4x} = d - \underset{+1}{4r}; x$$

$$\underset{-4}{-4x} = \underset{-4}{d} - \underset{-4}{4r} + \underset{-4}{1}$$

$$x = -\frac{d}{4} + r - \frac{1}{4}$$

Solve for the indicated variable.

$$u = -30a - 4b; a$$

$$\frac{4b + u}{-30} = \frac{-30a}{-30}$$

$$-\frac{2b}{15} - \frac{u}{30} = a$$

$$a = -\frac{2b}{15} - \frac{u}{30}$$

Solve for the indicated variable.

$$2a \left[\frac{5}{2a} = -4r + 3d \right]; a$$

$$\frac{5}{2(-4r+3d)} = \frac{2a(-4r+3d)}{2(-4r+3d)}$$

$$a = \frac{5}{2(3d-4r)}$$

Assignment:

CP Algebra II ~ Unit 1 Review

#1-14